# The Hand Clap as an Impulse Source for Measuring Room Acoustics

#### Prem Seetharaman, Stephen P. Tarzia

Northwestern University

prem@u.northwestern.edu

April 11, 2012

# Why?

### The Upshot

Claps are easy to produce.

Reliable acoustic measurements from claps allows amateurs to diagnose acoustic problems quickly and easily.

### Room acoustics

There are three qualities which determine a room's sound.

- 1. Space
- 2. Warmth
- 3. Clarity

### Room acoustics

There are three qualities which determine a room's sound.

- 1. Space Reverberation time
- 2. Warmth Frequency response
- 3. Clarity Frequency decay

#### Impulse response

Definition: how a room reacts to a short, loud sound.

### Ideal impulse response

- 1. Very short
- 2. Covers a wide frequency range
- 3. Consistent

#### Good impulse sources

- 1. Balloon pops
- 2. Starter pistol shots
- 3. Firecrackers, etc.

## Motivation

An amateur acoustician's ideal workflow

- 1. Clap a few times in a room.
- 2. Have a program quickly respond with analysis.
- 3. Diagnose and improve room based on analysis.

## Motivation

An amateur acoustician's current workflow

1. Hire a professional acoustician.

# Hand Claps

### What's in a clap?

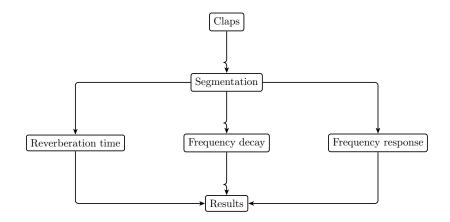
Advantages:

1. Easily produced

Disadvantages:

- 1. Low energy
- 2. Long duration
- 3. Inconsistent
- 4. Mediocre frequency coverage

## Approach



# Setup

### Recording

Clap from the stage, record from the center with a Zoom H4N recorder.

#### Datasets

- 1. Pick-Staiger Concert Hall (Northwestern Univ.): 19 claps.
- 2. Lutkin Concert Hall (Northwestern Univ.): 12 claps.
- 3. Makeshift home recording studio: 6 claps.

#### Ground truth

A professional acoustic survey performed by Northwestern on Pick-Staiger Concert Hall.

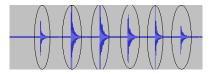
## Segment claps

### Thresholding

Input: a series of claps.

- 1. Clap onset: power is ten times the background level.
- 2. Clap end: power returns to twice the background level.

Output: individual claps.



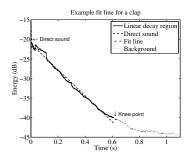
### Definition

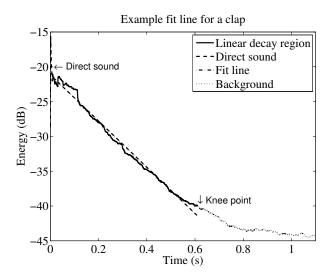
 $RT_{60}$ : time required for a sound level to decay by 60 dB. Problem: 60 dB above background level = jet engine – a dial tone. Solution: Extrapolate the rest via a line-fitting approximation.

### Problems with claps

Low energy: end of clap (the "knee" point) is difficult to find. Finding the "knee":

- 1. Too early: linear fit doesn't use enough data.
- 2. Too late: linear fit is too shallow.
- 3. Getting it just right:
  - 3.1 Try all possible knee points after the first 100 ms, and minimize error of the resultant fit line.





### Results

Highly encouraging. For Pick-Staiger Concert Hall:

- 1. Mean: 1.74 seconds.
- 2. Standard deviation: .07 seconds.

### Ground truth comparison

Overall reverberation results unavailable, but close to middle band frequency results from the acoustic survey.

### Definition

 $RT_{60}$  of a particular frequency.

Process:

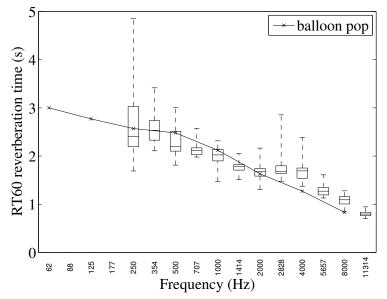
- 1. Split recording up into frequencies using a spectrogram method.
- 2. Pass each signal to our  $RT_{60}$  method.

### Problems with claps

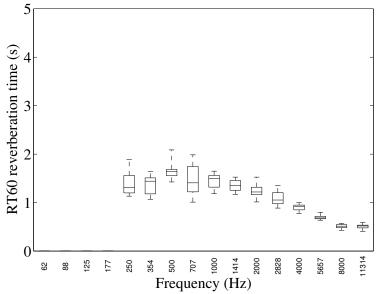
Lacks low freqency information.

Balloons also lack low frequencies, but claps provide about an octave less than balloons do.

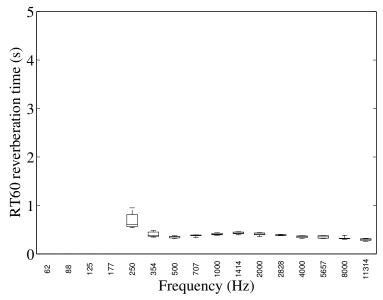
Results: Pick-Staiger Concert Hall



Results: Lutkin Concert Hall







## Frequency response

### Definition

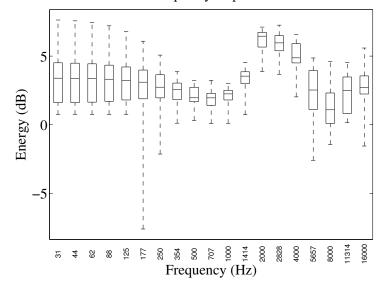
Ratio of reverberant and direct sound spectra.

Process:

- 1. Split signal up into frequency bins
- 2. Divide reverberant sound spectrum by direct sound spectrum.

### Frequency response

Results: Frequency response for Pick-Staiger Concert Hall Frequency responses



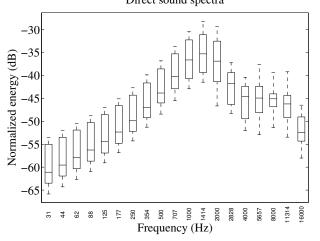
23 / 27

#### Not all claps are created equal?

Claps can vary in intensity and frequency spread. We can account for this using the direct sound spectrum.

## Clap consistency

Results: Direct sound clap spectra for Pick-Staiger concert Hall Direct sound spectra



## Conclusions

Reverberation Time Reliable.

Frequency Decay Reliable for frequencies > 300 Hz.

#### Frequency Response

Reliable for middle frequencies (mid and treble response).

## Application

### iOS app: ClapIR

A mobile application that allows amateurs to obtain reliable acoustic measurements in any room.